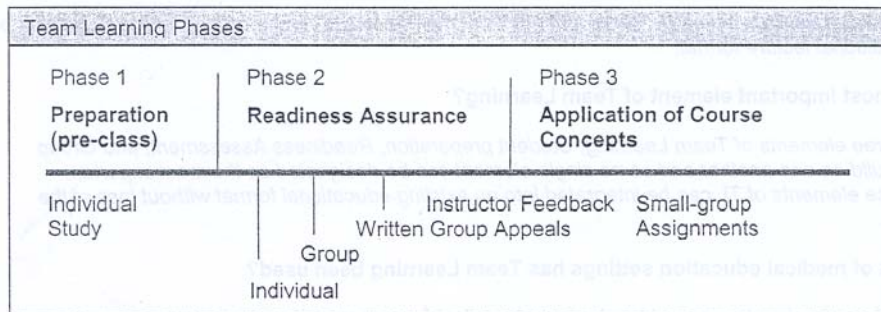


Team Learning Defined

Team Learning (TL) is a well-defined instructional strategy used in business and science courses¹. TL brings together theoretically based and empirically-grounded strategies for ensuring the effectiveness of small-groups working independently in classes with high student-faculty ratios (e.g., up to 200:1) without losing the benefits of faculty-led small groups with lower ratios (e.g., 7:1) As an instructional method TL consists of repeating sequences of 3 phases.



In Phase 1, learners study independently outside of class to master identified objectives. In Phase 2, individual learners complete a multiple-choice exam to assure their readiness to apply Phase 1 knowledge. Groups of 6- learners then re-take this exam and turn in their consensus answers for immediate scoring and posting. In Phase 3, which may last several class periods, groups complete in-class assignments that promote collaboration, use of Phase 1 and 2 knowledge and identification of learning deficiencies. At designated times all groups simultaneously share their groups' answers with the entire class for easy comparison and immediate feedback. This stimulates an energetic total-class discussion with groups defending their answers and the teacher helping to consolidate learning.

Team Learning is the codification of key instructional principles, each of which has value, even when applied outside the context of the TL method in its entirety. For, example, TL stresses the importance of prior, out-of-class learning based on clear learning objectives. It emphasizes the importance of holding learners accountable for attending class prepared to participate, and provides guidelines for designing group learning tasks to maximize participation. Team Learning emphasizes three keys² to effective active learning: 1) Individual and group accountability, 2) Need and opportunity for group interaction, and 3) Motivation to engage in give-and-take discussion.

¹ Michaelsen, L.K., Fink, L.D. & Knight, A. "Designing Effective Group Activities: Lessons for Classroom Teaching and Faculty Development." In D. DeZure (ed), To Improve the Academy: Resources for Faculty, Instructional and Organizational Development, 1997 (Vol. 17). Stillwater, OD: New Forums Press, 1997.

² Michaelsen, L.K. "Three Keys to Using Learning Groups Effectively." Teaching Excellence: Toward the Best in the Academy, Vol. 9, No. 5. Ames, IA.: POD Network, 1998.